

Student Name: _____ Date: _____

Seq L5 A1 – Infinite Geometric Series

1. State whether each geometric series is convergent or divergent.

a) $80 + 20 + 5 + \frac{5}{4} + \dots$

c) $t_1 = -5, r = \frac{1}{2}$

b) $-30 + 20 - \frac{40}{3} + \frac{80}{9} - \dots$

d) $t_1 = \frac{1}{3}, r = -2$

2. Determine the sum of each geometric series, if it exists.

a) $t_1 = -4, r = \frac{4}{5}$

d) $\frac{5}{3} - \frac{5}{9} + \frac{5}{27} - \frac{5}{81} + \dots$

b) $t_1 = 10, r = \frac{-2}{3}$

e) $8 + 8\left(\frac{2}{3}\right) + 8\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^2 + 8\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^3 + \dots$

c) $10 + 10\sqrt{3} + 30 + 30\sqrt{3} + \dots$

f) $-2 - 2\left(\frac{-3}{4}\right) - 2\left(\frac{-3}{4}\right)^2 - 2\left(\frac{-3}{4}\right)^3 - \dots$

3. Express each of the following as an infinite geometric series. Determine the sum of the series.

a) $0.\overline{63}$

b) $7.\overline{45}$

c) $0.123\overline{456}$

4. The general term of an infinite geometric series is $t_n = 7\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{n-1}$. Determine the sum of the series, if it exists.

5. The sum of an infinite geometric series is $\frac{10}{3}$ and the first term is 5. Determine the common ratio.
6. The sum of an infinite geometric series is $\frac{3\pi}{2}$ and the common ratio is $\frac{1}{2}$. Determine the first term.
7. A ball is dropped from a height of 2.0 m onto a floor. On each bounce the ball rises to 75% of the height from which it fell. Calculate the total distance the ball travels before coming to rest.

8. Determine the values of x such that the series $1 + x + x^2 + x^3 + \dots$ has a sum.
9. The sum of an infinite geometric series is three times the first term. Determine the common ratio.
10. A new oil well produces $12\,000 \text{ m}^3/\text{month}$ of oil. Its production is known to be dropping by 2.5% each month.
- a) What is the total production in the first year?
- b) Determine the total production of the well.